

MINERAL

STRUCTURE					SHORT_NAME	DESCRIPTION
Name Field	Data Type	Data Length	Optional? [Yes/No]	Index? [Yes/No]	Maximum 10 chars	
MINFILE_NUMBER	VARCHAR2	9	No	Yes	MINF_NO	MINFILE_NUMBER: is the user maintained unique identification number. This is a primary key for this dataset. Each mineral occurrence has a unique 9-character MINFILE number used to identify it within the computer database, in printouts and on maps. The MINFILE number begins with a three-digit NTS (National Topographic System) location number used to identify the appropriate 1:1 000 000 map sheet (from 082 to 114), followed by a single alphabetic character (A to P) used to identify the appropriate 1:250 000 map sheet. Due to a high density of occurrences, NTS map sheets 082E, F, K, L, 92H and I are plotted at a 1:100 000 scale. In these cases, a two-character (NE, NW, SE, SW) designation identifies the appropriate quadrant on the map sheet. The other map areas are plotted at a 1:250 000 scale and two blank spaces must be input in place of the two-character quadrant designation. An exception is 092IW. The final three-character segment of the MINFILE number is a sequential three-digit number from 001 to 999, identifying the unique number on the map sheet. For example, 082FSW100 is the 100th occurrence documented in the 082FSW 1:100 000 scale NTS area, e.g. 082ESE003.
MINFILE_NAME1	VARCHAR2	30	Yes	No	MIN_NM1	MINFILE_NAME1: is the most common or historically relevant name for an occurrence. Names in current use may or may not be the most appropriate for an occurrence in a historical context. The most important name is listed first followed by all aliases, in order of importance. Each occurrence can have up to sixteen names, e.g. KINGCOME GLACIER.
MINFILE_NAME2	VARCHAR2	30	Yes	No	MIN_NM2	MINFILE_NAME2: is the second most common or historically relevant name for an occurrence, e.g. TRUDEL GLACIER.
STATUS_CODE	VARCHAR2	4	Yes	No	STATUS_C	STATUS_CODE: is the code which describes the state of development of the occurrence as of the date of coding. Each occurrence has only one status. See "Code-values-for-MINERAL_FILE-status.doc", e.g. 3.
STATUS_DESCRIPTION	VARCHAR2	20	Yes	No	STATUS_D	STATUS_DESCRIPTION: is the description of the status code of the occurrence as of the date of coding. Showing hosts minor in-situ mineralization. Prospect is an occurrences documented as containing mineralization which warrants further exploration. Developed Prospect is an occurrence on which exploration and development have progressed to a stage that allows a reasonable estimate of the amount(s) of one or more of the potentially mineable commodities. Producer is a currently producing open pit or underground mine from which ore containing one or more commodities is being mined for commercial gain or benefit. Past Producer is a mine that is not currently being mined and have recorded production in the past, e.g. Active.
ELEVATION_METRES	Number	4	Yes	No	ELEV_MTRS	ELEVATION_METRES: is the elevation measured in metres from sea level where this deposit is located, e.g. 6000.
COMMODITY_CODE1	VARCHAR2	2	Yes	No	COMM_CD1	COMMODITY_CODE1: is the primary ranked code of a commodity found in this mineral occurrence as listed within the reference file "Code-values-for-MINERAL_FILE-commodity_codes&descriptions.doc", e.g. WO.
COMMODITY_CODE2	VARCHAR2	2	Yes	No	COMM_CD2	COMMODITY_CODE2: is the secondary ranked code of a commodity found in this mineral occurrence as listed within the reference file "Code-values-for-MINERAL_FILE-commodity_codes&descriptions.doc", e.g. SB.
COMMODITY_CODE3	VARCHAR2	2	Yes	No	COMM_CD3	COMMODITY_CODE3: is the tertiary ranked code of a commodity found in this mineral occurrence as listed within the reference file "Code-values-for-MINERAL_FILE-commodity_codes&descriptions.doc", e.g. PB.
COMMODITY_CODE4	VARCHAR2	2	Yes	No	COMM_CD4	COMMODITY_CODE4: is the code of a commodity ranked fourth found in this mineral occurrence as listed within the reference file "Code-values-for-MINERAL_FILE-commodity_codes&descriptions.doc", e.g. ZN.
COMMODITY_CODE5	Number	2	Yes	No	COMM_CD5	COMMODITY_CODE5: is the code of a commodity ranked fifth found in this mineral occurrence as listed within the reference file "Code-values-for-MINERAL_FILE-commodity_codes&descriptions.doc", e.g. AG.
COMMODITY_CODE6	VARCHAR2	2	Yes	No	COMM_CD6	COMMODITY_CODE6: is the code of a commodity ranked sixth found in this mineral occurrence as listed within the reference file "Code-values-for-MINERAL_FILE-commodity_codes&descriptions.doc", e.g. CU

COMMODITY_CODE7	VARCHAR2	2	Yes	No	COMM_CD7	COMMODITY_CODE7: is the code of a commodity ranked seventh found in this mineral occurrence as listed within the reference file "Code-values-for-MINERAL_FILE-commodity_codes&descriptions.doc", e.g. GS.
COMMODITY_CODE8	VARCHAR2	2	Yes	No	COMM_CD8	COMMODITY_CODE8: is the code of a commodity ranked eighth found in this mineral occurrence as listed within the reference file "Code-values-for-MINERAL_FILE-commodity_codes&descriptions.doc", e.g. DI
COMMODITY_DESCRIPTION1	VARCHAR2	30	Yes	No	COMM_DESC1	COMMODITY_DESCRIPTION1: is the description of the same numbered commodity code, e.g. Tungsten.
COMMODITY_DESCRIPTION2	VARCHAR2	30	Yes	No	COMM_DESC2	COMMODITY_DESCRIPTION2: is the description of the same numbered commodity code, e.g. Antimony.
COMMODITY_DESCRIPTION3	VARCHAR2	30	Yes	No	COMM_DESC3	COMMODITY_DESCRIPTION3: is the description of the same numbered commodity code, e.g. Lead.
COMMODITY_DESCRIPTION4	VARCHAR2	30	Yes	No	COMM_DESC4	COMMODITY_DESCRIPTION4: is the description of the same numbered commodity code, e.g. Zinc.
COMMODITY_DESCRIPTION5	VARCHAR2	30	Yes	No	COMM_DESC5	COMMODITY_DESCRIPTION5: is the description of the same numbered commodity code, e.g. Silver.
COMMODITY_DESCRIPTION6	VARCHAR2	30	Yes	No	COMM_DESC6	COMMODITY_DESCRIPTION6: is the description of the same numbered commodity code, e.g. Copper.
COMMODITY_DESCRIPTION7	VARCHAR2	30	Yes	No	COMM_DESC7	COMMODITY_DESCRIPTION7: is the description of the same numbered commodity code, e.g. Gemstones.
COMMODITY_DESCRIPTION8	VARCHAR2	30	Yes	No	COMM_DESC8	COMMODITY_DESCRIPTION8: is the description of the same numbered commodity code, e.g. Diamond.
DEPOSIT_TYPE_CODE1	Varchar2	5	Yes	No	DEP_TYP_C1	DEPOSIT_TYPE_CODE1: is the primary deposit type code which attempts to define a deposit based on its characteristics and includes/implies an explanation of these characteristics in terms of geological processes. This field is optional since there is often not enough information to define many occurrences as a specific deposit type. The coding of deposit type is ranked, using the most important type as the first ranked. The ranked order will be reflected in the printout. A thorough deposit description will be incorporated in the Capsule Geology and should indicate the geological evidence for any and all interpretations. See "Code-values-for-MINERAL_FILE-deposit_type_codes&descriptions.doc" for the list of code values, e.g. E12.
DEPOSIT_TYPE_CODE2	Varchar2	5	Yes	No	DEP_TYP_C2	DEPOSIT_TYPE_CODE2: is the secondary deposit type code which attempts to define a deposit based on its characteristics and includes/implies an explanation of these characteristics in terms of geological processes. This field is optional since there is often not enough information to define many occurrences as a specific deposit type. The coding of deposit type is ranked, using the most important type as the first ranked. The ranked order will be reflected in the printout. A thorough deposit description will be incorporated in the Capsule Geology and should indicate the geological evidence for any and all interpretations. See "Code-values-for-MINERAL_FILE-deposit_type_codes&descriptions.doc" for the list of code values, e.g. I05.
DEPOSIT_TYPE_DESCRIPTION1	Varchar2	60	Yes	No	DEP_TYP_D1	DEPOSIT_TYPE_DESCRIPTION1: is the primary deposit type code description which describes the meaning of the corresponding Deposit Type Code and is an attempt to define a deposit based on its characteristics and includes/implies an explanation of these characteristics in terms of geological processes, e.g. Mississippi Valley-type Pb-Zn.
DEPOSIT_TYPE_DESCRIPTION2	Varchar2	60	Yes	No	DEP_TYP_D2	DEPOSIT_TYPE_DESCRIPTION2: is the secondary deposit type code description which describes the meaning of the corresponding Deposit Type Code and is an attempt to define a deposit based on its characteristics and includes/implies an explanation of these characteristics in terms of geological processes, e.g. Polymetallic veins Ag-Pb-Zn+/-Au.
DEPOSIT_CHARACTER_CODE1	Varchar2	4	Yes	No	DEP_CHR_C1	DEPOSIT_CHARACTER_CODE1: is the primary deposit type code which describes the style of the mineralization or the significant geological features associated with the mineralized host rocks. The database will accept up to four Deposit Characters for each occurrence and these are ranked in order of importance. This field is mandatory and at least one characteristic must be identified. A complete description of the characteristics of an occurrence will be incorporated in the Capsule Geology. See "Code-values-for-MINERAL_FILE-deposit_character_codes&descriptions.doc" for a full list of deposit character codes, e.g. 79.

DEPOSIT_CHARACTER_CODE2	Varchar2	4	Yes	No	DEP_CHR_C2	DEPOSIT_CHARACTER_CODE2: is the secondary deposit type code which describes the style of the mineralization or the significant geological features) associated with the mineralized host rocks. The database will accept up to four Deposit Characters for each occurrence and these are ranked in order of importance. This field is mandatory and at least one characteristic must be identified. A complete description of the characteristics of an occurrence will be incorporated in the Capsule Geology. See "Code-values-for-MINERAL_FILE-deposit_character_codes&descriptions.doc" for a full list of deposit character codes, e.g. 76.
DEPOSIT_CHARACTER_DESCRIPTION1	Varchar2	20	Yes	No	DEP_CHR_D1	DEPOSIT_CHARACTER_DESCRIPTION1: is the primary deposit character description which describes the meaning of the corresponding Deposit Character Code and describes the style of the mineralization or the significant geological features, e.g. Vein.
DEPOSIT_CHARACTER_DESCRIPTION2	Varchar2	20	Yes	No	DEP_CHR_D2	DEPOSIT_CHARACTER_DESCRIPTION2: is the secondary deposit character description which describes the meaning of the corresponding Deposit Character Code and describes the style of the mineralization or the significant geological features, e.g. Shear.
DEPOSIT_CLASS_CODE1	VARCHAR2	3	Yes	No	DEP_CL_C1	DEPOSIT_CLASS_CODE1: is the primary deposit class code which is a general interpretation of the origin of an occurrence based on the best available geological data. The database will accept up to four classifications for any given occurrence. This field is mandatory and at least one classification must be assigned. The coding of deposit classification is ranked, that is, provide the order in which the classifications are to be entered. A genetic description will be incorporated in the Capsule Geology and should indicate the geological evidence for the interpretations. For a full list of codes see "Code-values-for-MINERAL_FILE-deposit_class_codes&descriptions.doc", e.g. 112.
DEPOSIT_CLASS_CODE2	VARCHAR2	3	Yes	No	DEP_CL_C2	DEPOSIT_CLASS_CODE2: is the secondary deposit class code which is a general interpretation of the origin of an occurrence based on the best available geological data. The database will accept up to four classifications for any given occurrence. This field is mandatory and at least one classification must be assigned. The coding of deposit classification is ranked, that is, provide the order in which the classifications are to be entered. A genetic description will be incorporated in the Capsule Geology and should indicate the geological evidence for the interpretations. For a full list of codes see "Code-values-for- MINERAL_FILE-deposit_class_codes&descriptions.doc", e.g. 129.
DEPOSIT_CLASS_DESCRIPTION1	VARCHAR2	15	Yes	No	DEP_CL_D1	DEPOSIT_CLASS_DESCRIPTION1: is the primary deposit class description which describes the meaning of the corresponding deposit class code and is a general interpretation of the origin of an occurrence based on the best available geological data, e.g. Hydrothermal.
DEPOSIT_CLASS_DESCRIPTION2	VARCHAR2	15	Yes	No	DEP_CL_D2	DEPOSIT_CLASS_DESCRIPTION2: is the secondary deposit class description which describes the meaning of the corresponding deposit class code and is a general interpretation of the origin of an occurrence based on the best available geological data, e.g. Epigenetic.
TECTONIC_BELT_CODE	VARCHAR2	2	Yes	No	TECT_CODE	TECTONIC_BELT_CODE: is the code of one of five tectonic belts that the area of this mineral occurrence lies within. EA - FORELAND BELT, OM - OMINECA BELT, IM - INTERMONTANE BELT, CC - COAST CRYSTALLINE, IN - INSULAR BELT, e.g. EA.
TECTONIC_BELT_DESCRIPTION	VARCHAR2	18	Yes	No	TECT_DESC	TECTONIC_BELT_DESCRIPTION: is the description of the tectonic belt code and describes one of the five tectonic belts that the area of this mineral occurrence lies within. EA - FORELAND BELT, OM - OMINECA BELT, IM - INTERMONTANE BELT, CC - COAST CRYSTALLINE, IN - INSULAR BELT, e.g. Foreland.
TERRANE_CODE	VARCHAR2	3	Yes	No	TERR_CODE	TERRANE_CODE: is the code of the terrane that this mineral occurrence lies within as listed within the referenced file "Code-values-for-MINERAL_FILE-terrane_code.pdf", e.g. CPC.
TERRANE_DESCRIPTION	VARCHAR2	30	Yes	No	TERR_DESC	TERRANE_DESCRIPTION: is the description of the terrane code and describes the terrane that this mineral occurrence lies within as listed within the referenced file "Code-values-for-MINERAL_FILE-terrane_code.pdf", e.g. Plutonic Rocks.
NTS_MAPSHEET1	VARCHAR2	10	Yes	No	NTS_MAP1	NTS_MAPSHEET1: is a National Topographic System map sheet referencing the area where the mineral occurrence is located, e.g. 082E02E.
NTS_MAPSHEET2	VARCHAR2	10	Yes	No	NTS_MAP2	NTS_MAPSHEET2: is a National Topographic System map sheet referencing the area where the mineral occurrence is located, e.g. 092I04W.

BCGS_MAPSHEET1	VARCHAR2	10	Yes	No	BCGS_MAP1	BCGS_MAPSHEET1: is a BC Geographic System map sheet referencing the area where the mineral occurrence is located, e.g. 092I011.
BCGS_MAPSHEET2	VARCHAR2	10	Yes	No	BCGS_MAP2	BCGS_MAPSHEET2: is a BC Geographic System map sheet referencing the area where the mineral occurrence is located, e.g. 082F099.
PRODUCTION_IND	Varchar2	1	Yes	No	PR0D_IND	PRODUCTION_IND: is an indicator which represents whether mineral production exists in the referenced mine for this MINFILE or not, e.g. Y or N.
RESERVES_IND	Varchar2	1	Yes	No	RES_IND	RESERVES_IND: is an indicator which represents whether mineral reserves or resources exist for the referenced deposit for this MINFILE or not, e.g. Y or N.
REGION_CODE1	Varchar2	4	Yes	No	REG_C1	REGION_CODE1: is the primary code representing the region in which this mineral occurrence resides. See "Code-values-for-MINERAL_FILE-region-codes&descriptions.doc", e.g. BC.
REGION_CODE2	Varchar2	4	Yes	No	REG_C2	REGION_CODE2: is the secondary code representing the region in which this mineral occurrence resides. See "Code-values-for-MINERAL_FILE-region-codes&descriptions.doc", e.g. BC.
REGION_CODE1_DESCRIPTION	Varchar2	50	Yes	No	REG_D1	REGION_CODE1_DESCRIPTION: is the description of the primary region code representing the region in which this mineral occurrence resides, e.g. British Columbia.
REGION_CODE2_DESCRIPTION	Varchar2	50	Yes	No	REG_D2	REGION_CODE2_DESCRIPTION: is the description of the secondary code representing the region in which this mineral occurrence resides, e.g. British Columbia.
LATITUDE_DECIMAL	Number	8.600000	Yes	No	LAT83_DEC	LATITUDE_DECIMAL: is the latitude position of this report measured in decimal degrees, e.g. 49.095.
LATITUDE_DEGREES	Number	2	Yes	No	LAT83_DEG	LATITUDE_DEGREES: is the unsigned latitude position of this mineral occurrence measured in degrees, as in Degrees / Minutes / Seconds, using North American Datum of 1983 (NAD83), e.g. 49
LATITUDE_MINUTES	Number	2	Yes	No	LAT83_MIN	LATITUDE_MINUTES: is the latitude position of this mineral occurrence measured in minutes, as in Degrees / Minutes / Seconds, using North American Datum of 1983 (NAD83), e.g. 5
LATITUDE_SECONDS	Number	2	Yes	No	LAT83_SEC	LATITUDE_SECONDS: is the latitude position of this mineral occurrence measure in seconds, as in Degrees / Minutes / Seconds, using North American Datum of 1983 (NAD83), e.g. 42
LATITUDE_HEMISPHERE	Varchar2	1	Yes	No	LAT_HEM	LATITUDE_HEMISPHERE: is the latitude hemisphere of the aforementioned latitude position. N- Northern hemisphere, S -
LONGITUDE_DECIMAL	Number	9.600000	Yes	No	LON83_DEC	LONGITUDE_DECIMAL: is the negative-signed longitude position of this report measured in decimal degrees, e.g. -118.651667.
LONGITUDE_DEGREES	Number	3	Yes	No	LON83_DEG	LONGITUDE_DEGREES: is the unsigned longitude position of this notice of work measured in degrees, as in Degrees /
LONGITUDE_MINUTES	Number	2	Yes	No	LON83_MIN	LONGITUDE_MINUTES: is the longitude position of this mineral occurrence measured in minutes, as in Degrees / Minutes / Seconds, using North American Datum of 1983 (NAD83), e.g. 39
LONGITUDE_SECONDS	Number	2	Yes	No	LON83_SEC	LONGITUDE_SECONDS: is the longitude position of this mineral occurrence measured in seconds, as in Degrees / Minutes / Seconds, using North American Datum of 1983 (NAD83), e.g. 6
LONGITUDE_HEMISPHERE	Varchar2	1	Yes	No	LON_HEM	LONGITUDE_HEMISPHERE: is the longitude hemisphere of the aforementioned longitude position. E - Eastern hemisphere, W - Western hemisphere, e.g. W.
UTM_ZONE	Number	2	Yes	No	UTM_ZONE83	UTM_ZONE: is the Universal Transverse Mercator Zone in which this mineral occurrence resides, e.g. 11.
UTM_NORTHING	Number	7	Yes	No	NORTH83	UTM_NORTHING: is the Universal Transverse Mercator Northing distance for this mineral occurrence measured in meters from the equator, using North American Datum of 1983 (NAD83), e.g. 5439330
UTM_EASTING	Number	6	Yes	No	EAST83	UTM_EASTING: is the Universal Transverse Mercator Easting distance for this mineral occurrence measured in meters from the center line of the Universal Transverse Mercator zone, using North American Datum of 1983 (NAD83), e.g. 379425.
DATUM_REFERENCE	Varchar2	6	Yes	No	DATUM_REF	DATUM_REFERENCE: is the reference geodetic datum for defining the location of this mineral occurrence, e.g. NAD 83.
MINFILE_SUMMARY_URL	Varchar2	100	Yes	No	MINF_URL	MINFILE_SUMMARY_URL: is a universal resource locator for referencing complete reported information on the mineral occurrence, including detail on location; mineralogy and alteration; geology and host rocks; assay data, reserves and production records; and further references and information. Included as part of each report is a text description of the geology and setting of each occurrence, e.g. http://minfile.gov.bc.ca/Summary.aspx?minfilno=082ENE012 .
FEATURE_CODE	Varchar2	10	Yes	No	FEAT_CODE	FEATURE CODE: is an alphanumeric value based on the Canadian Council of Surveys and Mapping's (CCSM) system for classification of geographic features, e.g. AR82000110.
OBJECTID			No	Yes	OBJECTID	OBJECTID: is a column required by spatial layers that interact with ESRI ArcSDE. It is populated with unique values automatically by SDE.

RESERVE

STRUCTURE					SHORT_NAME	DESCRIPTION
Name Field	Data Type	Data Length	Optional? [Yes/No]	Index? [Yes/No]	Maximum 10 chars	
MINFILE_NUMBER	Varchar2	9	No	Yes	MINF_NO	MINFILE_NUMBER: is a unique 9-character number used to identify it within the computer database, in printouts and on maps for each mineral occurrence. This user maintained unique identification number is a primary key for this dataset, e.g. 082ENE003.
MINFILE_NAME	Varchar2	30	Yes	No	MIN_NM	MINFILE_NAME: is the most common or historically relevant name for a mineral occurrence, e.g. HIGHLAND VALLEY COPPER.
ORE_ZONE_CODE	Varchar2	5	Yes	No	OREZONE_C	ORE_ZONE_CODE: is a unique number for identifying the ore zone that the MINFILE reserve is located in. e.g., 96645 COPPER HEAD; 96645 is the code; Copper Head is the code description. A numeric cross-reference to the description.
ORE_ZONE_DESCRIPTION	Varchar2	30	Yes	No	OREZONE_D	ORE_ZONE_DESCRIPTION: is the definition of the ORE_ZONE_CODE and the name of the distinct unit or ore zone of a deposit for which a reserve or resource calculation is made. Several zones may be associated with each deposit and may include categories in both the reserve and resource fields, e.g. DUMP.
CALCULATION_YEAR	Number	4	Yes	No	CALC_YR	CALCULATION_YEAR: is the year the inventory figures were published, e.g. 1899.
INVENTORY_CATEGORY_CODE	Varchar2	2	Yes	No	INV_CAT_C	INVENTORY_CATEGORY_CODE: is the code of the inventory, if any, associated with a mineral occurrence. Inventory is expressed as reserve, resource or best assay.
INVENTORY_CATEGORY_DESCRIPTION	Varchar2	30	Yes	No	INV_CAT_D	INVENTORY_CATEGORY_DESCRIPTION: is the description of the INVENTORY_CATEGORY_CODE, if any, and those associated with a mineral occurrence. Inventory is expressed as reserve, resource or best assay. The Reserve category is used only for an inventory in an operating mine or a mine near production. Sufficient information is available to form the basis of a preliminary mine production plan. Factors that affect ore reserve estimates are geological, economic, mining, metallurgical, marketing, environmental, social and governmental conditions. Ore reserves are reported as Proven, Probable and Possible. The Resource category is used for all other inventories and are reported as Measured, Indicated and Inferred. Valuable or useful material is quantified on the basis of geoscientific data and expected economic merit. Mine, metallurgical, price and cost data are not necessarily available. In reporting a resource, there is an implication that there are reasonable prospects for eventual economic exploitation. A combination of categories is reported as Combined. If the category is not known then Unclassified is used. Sample data can be entered using the Assay/Analysis category. The reserves/resources are reported in tonnes with the grade of commodities.
A_OR_B_CALCULATION_IND	Varchar2	1	Yes	No	AB_CALC	A_OR_B_CALCULATION_IND: is the indicator of two inventory calculations. In general, the inventory is identified by occurrence, zone name and year. There may be an unlimited number of ore zones per occurrence. In addition, each zone name may have inventory for each category. Each ore zone can have a maximum of two inventory calculations per year, per category (e.g., Calculation A & B). One calculation type ('A') must be entered for each Category. A second calculation MAY be used (labeled 'B'), EXCEPT for "Assay" data, which has only one ('A') calculation.
COMMODITY_CODE1	Varchar2	2	Yes	No	COMM_CD1	COMMODITY_CODE1: is the code of the first commodity remaining in this mineral reserve as listed within, e.g. AG.
COMMODITY_CODE2	Varchar2	2	Yes	No	COMM_CD2	COMMODITY_CODE2: is the code of the second commodity remaining in this mineral reserve as listed within, e.g. AS.
COMMODITY_CODE3	Varchar2	2	Yes	No	COMM_CD3	COMMODITY_CODE3: is the code of the third commodity remaining in this mineral reserve as listed within, e.g. AU.
COMMODITY_CODE4	Varchar2	2	Yes	No	COMM_CD4	COMMODITY_CODE4: is the code of the fourth commodity remaining in this mineral reserve as listed within, e.g. PB.
COMMODITY_CODE5	Varchar2	2	Yes	No	COMM_CD5	COMMODITY_CODE5: is the code of the fifth commodity remaining in this mineral reserve as listed within, e.g. ZN.
COMMODITY_CODE6	Varchar2	2	Yes	No	COMM_CD6	COMMODITY_CODE6: is the code of the sixth commodity remaining in this mineral reserve as listed within, e.g. WO.
COMMODITY_DESCRIPTION1	Varchar2	30	Yes	No	COMM_DESC1	COMMODITY_DESCRIPTION1: is the description of the same numbered commodity code as listed within, e.g. Silver.
COMMODITY_DESCRIPTION2	Varchar2	30	Yes	No	COMM_DESC2	COMMODITY_DESCRIPTION2: is the description of the same numbered commodity code as listed within, e.g. Antimony.
COMMODITY_DESCRIPTION3	Varchar2	30	Yes	No	COMM_DESC3	COMMODITY_DESCRIPTION3: is the description of the same numbered commodity code as listed within, e.g. Gold.
COMMODITY_DESCRIPTION4	Varchar2	30	Yes	No	COMM_DESC4	COMMODITY_DESCRIPTION4: is the description of the same numbered commodity code as listed within, e.g. Lead.
COMMODITY_DESCRIPTION5	Varchar2	30	Yes	No	COMM_DESC5	COMMODITY_DESCRIPTION5: is the description of the same numbered commodity code as listed within, e.g. Zinc.
COMMODITY_DESCRIPTION6	Varchar2	30	Yes	No	COMM_DESC6	COMMODITY_DESCRIPTION6: is the description of the same numbered commodity code as listed within, e.g. Tungsten.

COMMODITY_GRADE1	Number	9,4	Yes	No	COMM_GRD1	COMMODITY_GRADE1: is the amount of metallic or industrial mineral found in COMMODITY_CODE1, e.g. 100.09.
COMMODITY_GRADE2	Number	9,4	Yes	No	COMM_GRD2	COMMODITY_GRADE2: is the amount of metallic or industrial mineral found in COMMODITY_CODE2, e.g. 1.45.
COMMODITY_GRADE3	Number	9,4	Yes	No	COMM_GRD3	COMMODITY_GRADE3: is the amount of metallic or industrial mineral found in COMMODITY_CODE3, e.g. 2.45.
COMMODITY_GRADE4	Number	9,4	Yes	No	COMM_GRD4	COMMODITY_GRADE4: is the amount of metallic or industrial mineral found in COMMODITY_CODE4, e.g. 4.2.
COMMODITY_GRADE5	Number	9,4	Yes	No	COMM_GRD5	COMMODITY_GRADE5: is the amount of metallic or industrial mineral found in COMMODITY_CODE5, e.g. 7.1.
COMMODITY_GRADE6	Number	9,4	Yes	No	COMM_GRD6	COMMODITY_GRADE6: is the amount of metallic or industrial mineral found in COMMODITY_CODE6, e.g. 0.43.
QUANTITY_TONNES	Number	12	Yes	No	QTY_TONS	QUANTITY_TONNES: is the reserves or resources quoted in metric tonnes, e.g. 99800000.
RESERVE_COMMENT	Varchar2	600	Yes	No	RES_COMNT	RESERVE_COMMENT: is a free-format field to identify information on cut-off grades or other data pertinent to the inventory figures, e.g. Assessment Report 12815.
RESERVE_REFERENCE	Varchar2	300	Yes	No	RES_REF	RESERVE_REFERENCE: is the source of the inventory figures. Reserves and resources are not calculated by Ministry of Energy, Mines and Petroleum Resources personnel but are quoted from referenced industry sources and/or publications. Due to differences in identifying categories in the data sources, Ministry personnel may occasionally have to interpret which category the figures are placed into. The reader should refer to the original data for detailed information on the calculation, e.g. Western Canada Mining News, Sept.13, 1957 and CMH 1985-1986, p. 295.
REPORT_ON_IND	Varchar2	1	Yes	No	RPT_ON	REPORT_ON_IND: is an indicator to flag if the reserve/resource should be reported on in our publications or not. It is also useful to avoid double counting when aggregating grade and tonnage, e.g. Y or N.
LATITUDE_DECIMAL	Number	8.600000	Yes	No	LAT_DEC	LATITUDE_DECIMAL: is the latitude position of this report measured in decimal degrees, e.g. 49.095.
LATITUDE_DEGREES	Number	2	Yes	No	LAT_DEG	LATITUDE_DEGREES: is the unsigned latitude position of this mineral occurrence measured in degrees, as in Degrees / Minutes / Seconds, using North American Datum of 1983 (NAD83), e.g. 49.
LATITUDE_MINUTES	Number	2	Yes	No	LAT_MIN	LATITUDE_MINUTES: is the latitude position of this mineral occurrence measured in minutes, as in Degrees / Minutes / Seconds, using North American Datum of 1983 (NAD83), e.g. 5.
LATITUDE_SECONDS	Number	2	Yes	No	LAT_SEC	LATITUDE_SECONDS: is the latitude position of this mineral occurrence measure in seconds, as in Degrees / Minutes / Seconds, using North American Datum of 1983 (NAD83), e.g. 42.
LATITUDE_HEMISPHERE	Varchar2	1	Yes	No	LAT_HEM	LATITUDE_HEMISPHERE: is the latitude hemisphere of the aforementioned latitude position. N- Northern hemisphere,
LONGITUDE_DECIMAL	Number	9.600000	Yes	No	LON_DEC	LONGITUDE_DECIMAL: is the negative-signed longitude position of this report measured in decimal degrees, e.g. -118.651667.
LONGITUDE_DEGREES	Number	3	Yes	No	LON_DEG	LONGITUDE_DEGREES: is the unsigned longitude position of this notice of work measured in degrees, as in Degrees /
LONGITUDE_MINUTES	Number	2	Yes	No	LON_MIN	LONGITUDE_MINUTES: is the longitude position of this mineral occurrence measured in minutes, as in Degrees / Minutes / Seconds, using North American Datum of 1983 (NAD83), e.g. 39.
LONGITUDE_SECONDS	Number	2	Yes	No	LON_SEC	LONGITUDE_SECONDS: is the longitude position of this mineral occurrence measured in seconds, as in Degrees / Minutes / Seconds, using North American Datum of 1983 (NAD83), e.g. 6.
LONGITUDE_HEMISPHERE	Varchar2	1	Yes	No	LON_HEM	LONGITUDE_HEMISPHERE: is the longitude hemisphere of the aforementioned longitude position. E- Eastern hemisphere, W- Western hemisphere, e.g. W.
UTM_ZONE	Number	2	Yes	No	UTM_ZONE	UTM_ZONE: is the Universal Transverse Mercator Zone being for this mineral occurrence, e.g. 11.
UTM_NORTHING	Number	7	Yes	No	NORTH	UTM_NORTHING: is the Universal Transverse Mercator Northing distance for this mineral occurrence measured in meters from the equator, using North American Datum of 1983 (NAD83), e.g. 5439330.
UTM_EASTING	Number	6	Yes	No	EAST	UTM_EASTING: is the Universal Transverse Mercator Easting distance for this mineral occurrence measured in meters from the center line of the Universal Transverse Mercator zone, using North American Datum of 1983 (NAD83), e.g. 379425.
DATUM_REFERENCE	Varchar2	6	Yes	No	DATUM_REF	DATUM_REFERENCE: is the reference geodetic datum for defining the location of this mineral occurrence, e.g. NAD 83.
FEATURE_CODE	Varchar2	10	Yes	No	FEAT_CODE	FEATURE CODE: is an alphanumeric value based on the Canadian Council of Surveys and Mapping's (CCSM) system for classification of geographic features, e.g. AR82000110.
OBJECTID			No	Yes	OBJECTID	OBJECTID: is a column required by spatial layers that interact with ESRI ArcSDE. It is populated with unique values automatically by SDE.

PRODUCTION

STRUCTURE					SHORT_NAME	DESCRIPTION
Name Field	Data Type	Data Length	Optional? [Yes/No]	Index? [Yes/No]	Maximum 10 chars	
MINFILE_NUMBER	Varchar2	9	No	Yes	MINF_NO	MINFILE_NUMBER: is a unique 9-character number used to identify it within the computer database, in printouts and on maps for each mineral occurrence. This user maintained unique identification number is a primary key for this dataset, e.g. 082ENE003.
MINFILE_NAME	Varchar2	30	Yes	No	MIN_NM	MINFILE_NAME: is the most common or historically relevant name for an occurrence, e.g. HIGHLAND VALLEY COPPER.
MINED_TONNES	Number	15	Yes	No	MINED_TNNE	MINED_TONNES: is the amount of material mined from this specific mineral deposit, measured in tonnes, e.g. 122555.
MILLED_TONNES	Number	15	Yes	No	MILL_TNNE	MILLED_TONNES: is the amount of ore material from this specific mineral deposit that contains sufficient economic mineral to be treated by the milling process milled, measured in tonnes, e.g. 213586.
COMMODITY_CODE1	Varchar2	2	Yes	No	COMM_CD1	COMMODITY_CODE1: is the code of a commodity produced from this mineral reserve as listed within, e.g. AG.
COMMODITY_CODE2	Varchar2	2	Yes	No	COMM_CD2	COMMODITY_CODE2: is the code of a commodity produced from this mineral reserve as listed within, e.g. AU.
COMMODITY_CODE3	Varchar2	2	Yes	No	COMM_CD3	COMMODITY_CODE3: is the code of a commodity produced from this mineral reserve as listed within, e.g. CU.
COMMODITY_CODE4	Varchar2	2	Yes	No	COMM_CD4	COMMODITY_CODE4: is the code of a commodity produced from this mineral reserve as listed within, e.g. MO.
COMMODITY_CODE5	Varchar2	2	Yes	No	COMM_CD5	COMMODITY_CODE5: is the code of a commodity produced from this mineral reserve as listed within, e.g. RE.
COMMODITY_CODE6	Varchar2	2	Yes	No	COMM_CD6	COMMODITY_CODE6: is the code of a commodity produced from this mineral reserve as listed within, e.g. CD.
COMMODITY_CODE7	Varchar2	2	Yes	No	COMM_CD7	COMMODITY_CODE7: is the code of a commodity produced from this mineral reserve as listed within, e.g. ZN.
COMMODITY_CODE8	Varchar2	2	Yes	No	COMM_CD8	COMMODITY_CODE8: is the code of a commodity produced from this mineral reserve as listed within, e.g. SB.
COMMODITY_DESCRIPTION1	Varchar2	30	Yes	No	COMM_DESC1	COMMODITY_DESCRIPTION1: is the description of the same numbered commodity code as listed within, e.g. Silver.
COMMODITY_DESCRIPTION2	Varchar2	30	Yes	No	COMM_DESC2	COMMODITY_DESCRIPTION2: is the description of the same numbered commodity code as listed within, e.g. Gold.
COMMODITY_DESCRIPTION3	Varchar2	30	Yes	No	COMM_DESC3	COMMODITY_DESCRIPTION3: is the description of the same numbered commodity code as listed within, e.g. Copper.
COMMODITY_DESCRIPTION4	Varchar2	30	Yes	No	COMM_DESC4	COMMODITY_DESCRIPTION4: is the description of the same numbered commodity code as listed within, e.g. Molybdenum.
COMMODITY_DESCRIPTION5	Varchar2	30	Yes	No	COMM_DESC5	COMMODITY_DESCRIPTION5: is the description of the same numbered commodity code as listed within, e.g. Rhenium.
COMMODITY_DESCRIPTION6	Varchar2	30	Yes	No	COMM_DESC6	COMMODITY_DESCRIPTION6: is the description of the same numbered commodity code as listed within, e.g. Cadmium.
COMMODITY_DESCRIPTION7	Varchar2	30	Yes	No	COMM_DESC7	COMMODITY_DESCRIPTION7: is the description of the same numbered commodity code as listed within, e.g. Zinc.
COMMODITY_DESCRIPTION8	Varchar2	30	Yes	No	COMM_DESC8	COMMODITY_DESCRIPTION8: is the description of the same numbered commodity code as listed within, e.g. Antimony.
FIRST_YEAR_MINED	Number	4	Yes	No	FIRS_YRMND	FIRST_YEAR_MINED: is the first year that the mineral deposit was mined, e.g. 1913.
LAST_YEAR_MINED	Number	4	Yes	No	LAST_YRMND	LAST_YEAR_MINED: is the last year that the mineral deposit was mined, e.g. 1989.
COMMODITY_QUANTITY1	Number	15	Yes	No	COMM_QTY1	COMMODITY_QUANTITY1: is the total product quantity of COMMODITY1 recovered. Precious metals are reported in grams and other commodities as kilograms, e.g. 21880.
COMMODITY_QUANTITY2	Number	15	Yes	No	COMM_QTY2	COMMODITY_QUANTITY2: is the total product quantity of COMMODITY2 recovered. Precious metals are reported in grams and other commodities as kilograms, e.g. 21881.
COMMODITY_QUANTITY3	Number	15	Yes	No	COMM_QTY3	COMMODITY_QUANTITY3: is the total product quantity of COMMODITY3 recovered. Precious metals are reported in grams and other commodities as kilograms, e.g. 21882.
COMMODITY_QUANTITY4	Number	15	Yes	No	COMM_QTY4	COMMODITY_QUANTITY4: is the total product quantity of COMMODITY4 recovered. Precious metals are reported in grams and other commodities as kilograms, e.g. 21883.
COMMODITY_QUANTITY5	Number	15	Yes	No	COMM_QTY5	COMMODITY_QUANTITY5: is the total product quantity of COMMODITY5 recovered. Precious metals are reported in grams and other commodities as kilograms, e.g. 21884.

COMMODITY_QUANTITY6	Number	15	Yes	No	COMM_QTY6	COMMODITY_QUANTITY6: is the total product quantity of COMMODITY6 recovered. Precious metals are reported in grams and other commodities as kilograms, e.g. 21885.
COMMODITY_QUANTITY7	Number	15	Yes	No	COMM_QTY7	COMMODITY_QUANTITY7: is the total product quantity of COMMODITY7 recovered. Precious metals are reported in grams and other commodities as kilograms, e.g. 21886.
COMMODITY_QUANTITY8	Number	15	Yes	No	COMM_QTY8	COMMODITY_QUANTITY8: is the total product quantity of COMMODITY8 recovered. Precious metals are reported in grams and other commodities as kilograms, e.g. 21887.
LATITUDE_DECIMAL	Number	8.600000	Yes	No	LAT_DEC	LATITUDE_DECIMAL: is the latitude position of this report measured in decimal degrees, e.g. 49.095.
LATITUDE_DEGREES	Number	2	Yes	No	LAT_DEG	LATITUDE_DEGREES: is the unsigned latitude position of this mineral occurrence measured in degrees, as in Degrees / Minutes / Seconds, using North American Datum of 1983 (NAD83), e.g. 49.
LATITUDE_MINUTES	Number	2	Yes	No	LAT_MIN	LATITUDE_MINUTES: is the latitude position of this mineral occurrence measured in minutes, as in Degrees / Minutes / Seconds, using North American Datum of 1983 (NAD83), e.g. 5.
LATITUDE_SECONDS	Number	2	Yes	No	LAT_SEC	LATITUDE_SECONDS: is the latitude position of this mineral occurrence measure in seconds, as in Degrees / Minutes / Seconds, using North American Datum of 1983 (NAD83), e.g. 42.
LATITUDE_HEMISPHERE	Varchar2	1	Yes	No	LAT_HEM	LATITUDE_HEMISPHERE: is the latitude hemisphere of the aforementioned latitude position. N - Northern
LONGITUDE_DECIMAL	Number	9.600000	Yes	No	LON_DEC	LONGITUDE_DECIMAL: is the negative-signed longitude position of this report measured in decimal degrees, e.g. -118.651667.
LONGITUDE_DEGREES	Number	3	Yes	No	LON_DEG	LONGITUDE_DEGREES: is the unsigned longitude position of this notice of work measured in degrees, as in Degrees /
LONGITUDE_MINUTES	Number	2	Yes	No	LON_MIN	LONGITUDE_MINUTES: is the longitude position of this mineral occurrence measured in minutes, as in Degrees / Minutes / Seconds, using North American Datum of 1983 (NAD83), e.g. 39.
LONGITUDE_SECONDS	Number	2	Yes	No	LON_SEC	LONGITUDE_SECONDS: is the longitude position of this mineral occurrence measured in seconds, as in Degrees / Minutes / Seconds, using North American Datum of 1983 (NAD83), e.g. 6.
LONGITUDE_HEMISPHERE	Varchar2	1	Yes	No	LON_HEM	LONGITUDE_HEMISPHERE: is the longitude hemisphere of the aforementioned longitude position. E - Eastern hemisphere, W - Western hemisphere, e.g. W.
UTM_ZONE	Number	2	Yes	No	UTM_ZONE	UTM_ZONE: is the Universal Transverse Mercator Zone being for this mineral occurrence, e.g. 11.
UTM_NORTHING	Number	7	Yes	No	NORTH	UTM_NORTHING: is the Universal Transverse Mercator Northing distance for this mineral occurrence measured in meters from the equator, using North American Datum of 1983 (NAD83), e.g. 5439330.
UTM_EASTING	Number	6	Yes	No	EAST	UTM_EASTING: is the Universal Transverse Mercator Easting distance for this mineral occurrence measured in meters from the center line of the Universal Transverse Mercator zone, using North American Datum of 1983 (NAD83), e.g. 379425.
DATUM_REFERENCE	Varchar2	6	Yes	No	DATUM_REF	DATUM_REFERENCE: is the reference geodetic datum for defining the location of this mineral occurrence, e.g. NAD 83.
FEATURE_CODE	Varchar2	10	Yes	No	FEAT_CODE	FEATURE CODE: is an alphanumeric value based on the Canadian Council of Surveys and Mapping's (CCSM) system for classification of geographic features, e.g. AR82000110.
OBJECTID			No	Yes	OBJECTID	OBJECTID: is a column required by spatial layers that interact with ESRI ArcSDE. It is populated with unique values automatically by SDE.